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THE WEATHER TO-DAY—Showers.

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## WARNING SPEECHES AROUSE EMPIRE

Colonies Rally Around Mother Country and Will Prepare for War.

## ALL EUROPE NOW WATCHING CZAR

Approaching Series of Interviews With Rulers Believed to Be of Great Political Significance.

London Has Gay Week Despite Rain and Cold.

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.] LONDON, June 12.—The remarkable series of speeches by the leaders of both the Conservative and Liberal parties before the Imperial Press Conference is the topic of the day, not only in London, but throughout Europe. Dispatches from all the colonies indicate that the entire empire has been aroused as never before by the war, which threatens the mother country.

Revival of Patriotism. It cannot be doubted that a revival of patriotism and a unification of the empire will result from the conference. Nor will sentiment long precede action. Rapid and extensive preparations for war will soon be universal, and the question becomes more pertinent than ever: What form will the crisis take? Will it bring the impoverishing struggle to an end? Germany, of course, resents the speeches more than any other nation. The German press this week divides its comments between ridicule and the bland assurance of Germany's peaceful intentions.

The czar's approaching series of interviews with European sovereigns is the principal point of immediate political interest. It is believed that the czar will receive a number of dispatches from all Russian official sources of the increasing strength of the triple entente and of Russia's determination to equip herself as a great military power. It is emphatically stated that the Russian army within two years will be the highest in point of efficiency ever known.

A tremendous stimulus was given to Russian pride by the Kaiser's peremptory demand in March that Russia yield forthwith to the Austrian claim concerning the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Events demonstrated how short-sighted was Germany's policy on that occasion.

Letters of George III. The autograph correspondence between George III. and John Robinson, Secretary of the War Office from 1770 to 1782, has been sold at auction at Sotheby's. It consists of 318 letters, of which 194 are autograph letters of King George, covering the period from 1770 to 1789.

Many of the King's letters relate to the war of independence. Writing on October 25, 1775, the King says: "The accounts of the taking of New York bear every appearance of authenticity." On March 12, 1776, he wrote: "I am sorry to find that any one adopts (sic) the idea of there being any reason in Sir W. Howe's application for 20,000 additional troops. I know the thing is impracticable, and if he and his brother will act with the least leniency (which I really think is cruelty, as it keeps up the contest), the next campaign will bring the Americans in temper to accept such terms as may be offered them. My country to keep them in order, for we must never get into any such arrangement as may patch for a year or two and then bring on new broils. The regaining of their affections is an idle idea. It must be their conviction that it is their interest to submit."

On October 31, 1775, he wrote: "As to our granting independence, I hope the hour will never arrive that this country can be so fallen in sentiment as to admit of such a measure. I will put my hand to a measure that cannot fall of reducing this island to its own narrow limits."

The Social Whirl. The gayest week of the London season passed in wintry, rainy weather. The horse show, the church pageant, the Franco-British fête, a society ball in aid of crippled children, organized by the Queen, a play-house charity matinee, dinners, dances, and their majesties' court, were all crowded into the week. Open-air gayeties were quite spoiled by the weather, but were largely attended at the end of the week.

Americans flocked to Mrs. Ernest Cunard's concert on Wednesday to hear Kirkby Lunn, Messrs. Gilbert and Hervey, and Mesdames Lewis Harcourt, Ronalds, Chappell, Bradley, Martin, Walster Farwell, Wade and Vance and Lady Stratford were among those who listened to the music.

The Duchess of Marlborough gave another small dinner on Thursday for Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt. All three have been frequent visitors to the house.

Lady Granard had a large dinner on Wednesday. Some of the guests were the Duchess of Roxburghe, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Oden Mills, D. O. Mills and Mrs. John Ward, whose husband is again taking his turn in attendance on the King.

Mrs. Walter Burns entertained the King at dinner on Thursday. Only a few guests were invited. No Americans were present.

The Queen and Princess Victoria were the guests of Consuelo, Dowager Duchess of Manchester, at a dinner, followed by a dance, on Thursday. Americans have given a gay week. Five large dances were given by English hostesses, besides the new Caledonia ball and dinner, which preceded the functions.

Mrs. Rigley Carter gave one of her bachelorette and girl dinners, to which no married people were invited. Misses Mildred Carter, Julia Calhoun, Ruth Adams, Anita Stewart, and Thelma Townsend were among the guests. This sort of dinner is quite an innovation in English society.

The Liberal women were not too busy to hold a free trade union meeting with Mrs. Lewis Harcourt in the hall on Thursday afternoon. Ladies Evans, Granard and Channing and Misses J. S. M. Robertson, Schott

## ASSAIL VANDERBILT

English Papers Charge Him With Believing Reporters in Ruiz Case.

LONDON, June 12.—Several Sunday papers print long accounts of what they call the mysterious case of Mary Hughes Ruiz, who committed suicide in this city on May 16. They lay particular stress upon the suppression of news of the incident and her relations with an American multi-millionaire.

Lloyd's Weekly News attributes the "heavily veiled" account of the case to the fact that the English reporters present at the inquest were bribed to refrain from publishing the case. The verdict of the coroner's jury was, "Suicide, while of unsound mind." Charles Hughes, who had been settled in the affair and paid a large sum at Mrs. Ruiz's Grosvenor Street establishment, was the first witness at the inquest. He identified his body and testified that he had acted as her agent. She was the wife of a wealthy Cuban, Francisco, who had been killed in the war, and she had been in ill health and depressed, and had declared that she was tired of life. Mrs. Ruiz was a native of St. Louis, Mo.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt cannot be found in London. He has not appeared at the house since the evening papers first mentioned the suicide on Thursday.

## STEPHEN THIERY DEAD

Founder of Holy Name Society Passes Away in New York.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] NEW YORK, June 12.—Stephen Thiery, who founded the Holy Name Society in 1854, died this afternoon at his home here.

He was a native of Belgium and the society, organized to honor the name of God, from the small handful of men who gathered into the body in 1854, grew to the present membership of 100,000. The society, organized to honor the name of God, from the small handful of men who gathered into the body in 1854, grew to the present membership of 100,000.

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There is a Holy Name Society at every Catholic Church in Richmond.

## ATTACKED BY MAD OTTERS

Seven of Creatures Rout Wood Cutter in New Hampshire.

SNOW-HILL, N.H., June 12.—Made rabid, through fights with mad dogs during the recent scare, apparently seven of the creatures attacked a wood cutter, who was cutting wood near Porter's Bridge. In the dense swamp along the edge of the swamp, the creatures, which had a narrow escape from being killed.

The attack occurred in a dense place, and it was impossible to put up an effective fight, as the vicious animals had the advantage of being able to attack from points of vantage not possessed by the wood cutter. He fled in retreat to his boat, but was cut off by the largest and fiercest of the otters, which, Purnell says, got so close that he could see right into the creature's eyes.

Even when the men finally reached the shore, the animals continued to follow, following the boat as it reached deep water, but keeping out of reach of the men's oars. The men, who were in a new boat, were on six feet long and that they heard more of them back in the swamp.

The place where the attack occurred is a new swamp, and each year several are killed for their valuable fur, but they have never been known to attack people before. Purnell says that the creatures were attacked, their teeth being an inch long and sharp as needles.

## JUMPS ON PATENT OFFICE

Inventor of Airship Says Government Should Buy His Machine.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] NEW YORK, June 12.—A. M. Hervey, who expects to furnish an airship to the United States Army, was very busy today putting the finishing touches to the new machine, which is to be tested at Fort Myers.

Somebody else, however, with two people in a locality that is the poorest possible for such experiments is the same as taking a leap in the dark. Hervey says that he has had the machine built for him by the Wright brothers. That is wrong. I have proof of that right here. The machine was built by the Wright brothers before the Wright brothers ever thought of the airship experiments. I have proof of that right here.

Hervey says that he was ready for the Fort Myers test next month, and thought the machine would be able to carry two men and stay in the air four hours.

## WIFE SEES HIM DIE

Saddler Chooses Paralyzed Woman's Room as Scene for Suicide.

LANSING, Mich., June 12.—Without giving any warning of his action, Joseph Lehman, a saddler, whose home was at Penryn, entered his wife's bedroom, placed a revolver in his temple and fired two bullets into his brain. He dropped at the bedside of his wife. The latter, an invalid, suffering from paralysis, and she was compelled to witness her husband's act without being able to make a move to restrain him.

He was not instantly killed, and lay for some time on the floor in front of his helpless wife. Neighbors finally came to the house in answer to the wife's screams.

Lehman's mind is said to have become unbalanced by reason of the illness of his wife.

Taft to Jay Corner-Stone. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] BOSTON, Mass., June 12.—Announcement was made today that President Taft will lay the corner-stone of the new Chelsea Y. M. C. A. building. The date for the exercises has not been fixed, but will probably be early upon the President's convenience.

## HELD PRISONERS AT BOTTOM OF SEA

Submarine Collides With Battleship and Goes Down, Carrying Twenty Men.

## FLOTILLA COMMANDER ON ILL-FATED VESSEL

Divers Working Fervently in Effort to Save Crew Before They Suffocate from Lack of Air.

Hope of Raising Ship Not Given Up Yet.

SEBASTOPOL, June 12.—Twenty men went down in the Russian submarine Kambala, after collision with the battleship Rostislav during maneuvers last night. Hope, though it is slight, is entertained that they are still alive. Desperate efforts are being made by the officers and crew of the Rostislav, with the assistance of divers and salvage workmen from Sebastopol, to raise the submarine before the imprisoned men succumb to the vitiated air.

Commander Goes Down. All through the night the divers and technicians were busy in an endeavor to fasten chains around the hull, which lies in an awkward position, about twenty-eight fathoms down. Up to this time their efforts have not been successful, but reports reaching shore indicate that there is a good chance of raising the boat.

Apparently the submarine was not crushed, as had been feared. Conducting a series of night maneuvers against the battleship squadron, with the idea of forcing an entrance into the harbor. During the operations the Kambala, upon which was the commander of the flotilla, the general director of the maneuvers, was unaccountably left her course and swung across the bows of the battleship Rostislav. The two vessels collided, and the submarine sank instantly. The commander of the flotilla, Lieutenant Aquilov, was on deck at the time of the accident. He swam away and was saved, but Captain Bielkoff, Midshipman Tschukoff, a warrant officer, and seventeen members of the crew went down with the vessel.

The Kambala (the word in English means Flounder) was of 180 tons and was constructed on the German type.

## TRYING TO RESCUE THEM

ST. PETERSBURG, June 12.—Up to a late hour to-night no further information with regard to the success of the efforts being made to raise the Kambala and the fate of the crew has been received. The general director of the maneuvers, who was on board at first that any hope was entertained that the men might be alive. The dispatches during the day made no mention of such a possibility, but a news telegram received at a late hour last night stated that the rescuers at the scene of the disaster were working with feverish anxiety in the hope that at least some of the imprisoned men might yet be alive.

The men were in a very bad condition on the night of the disaster. It was severe enough to break open the plates of the submarine there would be, of course, no chance for the crew, but Admiral Rozhkov, according to reports from Sebastopol, seems to be convinced that this was not the case.

## MYSTERY GROWS DEEPER

More Than 100 Detectives Working on New York's Latest Murder Case.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] NEW YORK, June 12.—Detective McCafferty, chief of detectives, heard today that Samuel Bersin, the young house painter, whose body was found cut to pieces and minus the head, which was later located under the Brooklyn Bridge, had a visitor the night before his disappearance. The visitor, according to information, the caller went about 8 o'clock on Tuesday evening to Bersin's boarding-house. There was a public reference to the case. The caller went back in about an hour later and announced that he was going to bed, as he had an early engagement the next day.

Another thing the police tried to find out to-day was whether the Black Hand signs on the walls of the Bersin house were put on with paint. The jewelry has not been located. More than 100 detectives are on the case.

## MAY TIE UP GOULD SYSTEM

Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen Threaten to Call General Strike.

TEXARKANA, Tex., June 12.—Whether or not a general strike will be called on the Gould System of railroads in the Southwest by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen will be decided by a subcommittee, which was selected before the adjournment to-day of the general committee of the organization. The latter committee has been in session here for several days. The executive officers of the brotherhood will meet in conjunction with the subcommittee, and the first meeting will be held here on Monday next.

## BROKER LANDS IN JAIL

Clubman Charged With Defrauding Investors of \$50,000.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., June 12.—Lionel E. Kane, a well-known clubman and former manager of the Rona-roch Alaska Mining Company, is in jail here, charged by eight New York investors with defrauding them of \$50,000. Kane's bail is \$50,000 under the law by which he is held.

Among the complainants is William R. Cole, a son-in-law of the late H. H. Rogers. He is said to have lost \$10,000 in Kane's scheme.

## STEAMER BEYOND CONTROL

NEW YORK, June 12.—Advices via United Wire Company from the Diamond Shoals Lightship off Cape Hatteras, report that the freight steamer Kambala was sighted today eighteen miles north of the lightship flying signals that she was not under control. The steamer signaled that assistance was not required. The Kambala sailed from North Arthur, Texas, June 4 for Rouen, France.

## PLOT TO SEIZE ISLANDS

Japanese Indicted by Hawaiian Jury for Conspiracy to Incite Disorder.

HONOLULU, June 12.—Seventeen Japanese leaders in the strike of plantation laborers, of whom about 5,000 are out, were indicted by the grand jury to-day on charges of having conspired to incite disorder in the Hawaiian Islands.

This action promptly followed disclosures yesterday, when an official search of the files of the Hawaiian Association and the Japanese newspaper Jiji revealed incendiary letters, reports and other communications tending to show that a conspiracy was being formed to overthrow the Hawaiian government and to establish a Japanese monarchy.

In the correspondence seized was the following: "The Japanese strikers are facing the planters with enough powder, lead and food to make victory sure in the end. Now is the time to exult in the blood of your enemies and to let the blood of the flag of the Rising Sun. Against those who oppose our action we must use the hammer of iron and rain of blood to make the obstinate and blind planters reflect, and to exterminate Somojima Sheba, the traitor editor of the Shimai and his followers. We must prepare."

If higher wages are not obtained the strikers will continue to strike, and he should provide for the livelihood of his family which will be left."

The "Nippu," the organ of the strikers, denounces the arrest of the leaders and declares that should any executive officer of the Hawaiian government be the fault of the peaceful strikers, but that the whole blame will rest upon the planters and the authorities, who have resorted to oppression.

Bonds for the appearance of the arrested leaders were quickly furnished, and the seventeen men were released.

## JAPANESE MUCH PLEASED

Express Appreciation of Cordial Reception on Pacific Coast.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 12.—Respectful appreciation of the cordial reception to him and the officers and crew of the training squadron during their visit to the Pacific coast, is expressed in a telegram from him communicated to the Secretary of State to-day by Ambassador Takahira.

On the eve of departure from the hospitable shore of the United States, the Japanese admiral, Admiral Kato, expressed his appreciation of the cordial and hospitable reception which he and his officers and men of his Majesty's training squadron, to the government and through it to the people of the United States, had received. He also expressed his appreciation of the cordial and hospitable reception which he and his officers and men of his Majesty's training squadron, to the government and through it to the people of the United States, had received.

## COMMERCIAL INVASION

Cannot Be Helped, but Should Be Friendly, Jan Ambassador Says.

ANN ARBOR, MICH., June 12.—Baron Kogoro Takahira, Japanese ambassador, said today that the commercial invasion of America, declaring it impossible to resist the invasion, which he said is simply an outcome of the development of international relations.

"The only way to meet such a situation," he said, "is to be friendly and to be friendly in a friendly and right spirit," said he.

While our trade has been sporadically closed, the ports of the United States have been open to the Japanese. Takahira, I hear, sometimes rather harshly, complaint against Japan for starting cotton mills and cigarette manufacturing establishments in America. I also hear some heart-rending reports to the effect that since Japanese merchants became energetic in their business in the far Eastern trade, the Japanese have been able to displace the American merchants in many sections of the provinces, and that enormous tracts of valuable timberlands are being destroyed, while in some places settlements are in danger. One of these is a small summer resort of St. John, where there are several Japanese cottages and permanent residences as well. The danger there to-day is serious, but large crews are fighting the flames.

There is also trouble throughout Quebec and a Quebec City fire to-night says that the fire is doing considerable damage.

The fires are burning fiercely and in many places the flames have almost reached both sides of the railway line. The fire is doing considerable damage.

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## FOREST FIRES RAGING

Sweeping Over New Brunswick and Quebec and Doing Much Damage.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] OTTAWA, ONT., June 12.—Forest fires are doing much damage in New Brunswick and Quebec. The fires are doing much damage in New Brunswick and Quebec. The fires are doing much damage in New Brunswick and Quebec.

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## SHOCK HISTORIC CHURCH

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.] LONDON, June 12.—The earthquake of last night threw considerably out of perpendicular the steeple of the church at Montfret, which is regarded as a historic monument.

## SHOCK FELT IN PORTUGAL

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.] LISBON, June 12.—Slight earthquake shocks have been felt in the estuary district of the River Tagus during the past few days. They were felt at Beja, where in Portugal, including Beira and Beja.

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## CITIES WRECKED, MANY PEOPLE DEAD

Earthquake Devastates Southern Part of France and Causes Suffering.

## FAMILIES, BURIED IN RUINS, SLOWLY PERISH

List of Victims Steadily Growing and May Reach Several Hundred—Starvation Faces Terror-Stricken Crowds Before Assistance Comes.

MARSEILLES, June 12.—From seventy-five to 100 dead and many injured are the estimates of total casualties as the result of the earthquake which has devastated several towns and villages in the southernmost part of France, particularly in the departments of Herault and Bouches du Rhone.

Great suffering is reported from the remote places, owing to a lack of bread and the necessities of life. The casualties may be greatly increased, as the ruins have not yet been entirely searched. The village of Saint-Cannat and Rognes were completely destroyed. Many of the houses were miles from Aix, suffered heavily. According to advices received here, a number of the wounded are still imprisoned in the ruins, and soldiers are working desperately to rescue them.

Survivors are sleeping in tents and the streets are impassable. In many places they have been torn up and are incumbered with masses of ruins, public buildings and churches have been ruined. Among other villages seriously damaged are Vauvenargues, Venelles, Paillesanne, Puy Ste. Reparade and Argulles.

The victims at Saint-Cannat and Rognes were horribly crushed. There are evidences that several of the victims had lived for hours imprisoned in the debris before they died. The people rushed into the streets when the first shock occurred, crying out in terror. Many of them returned to the ruins of their families.

At Rognes a family of four was buried in the ruins. Their cries could be heard throughout the night, but all were dead in the morning when a rescuing party reached the spot.

At Saint-Cannat an old man and his son were watching a billiard game. They were instantly killed. The players escaped with slight bruises. The Chateau was badly damaged. The communal chateau at Argulles was split in two.

The historic village of Vernegues was wrecked, but no one was killed. The monetary loss in the affected district is very heavy.

Aix in Ruins, Report Says. [Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.] MARSEILLES, June 12.—Details of the earthquake in the vicinity of Aix are very meagre, as all the wires are down. Aix is reported to be in ruins. Other villages within a radius of several miles are also said to have been destroyed. Troops have been sent thence from Marseilles and Toulon to aid in the work of rescue.

There is a large Italian population there, mostly laborers from Southern Italy and Sicily. They are familiar with quake horrors, and they fled wildly in all directions without stopping to rescue their comrades who were injured or buried in the ruins.

The general shock was from east to west. The last earthquake of any consequence occurred there when the Alpes Maritimes Departments were shaken.

The Prefect of the Department of Bouches du Rhone, of which Marseilles is the capital, after visiting the places in the department where the earthquake, places the number of dead at forty-two and the injured at 250.

## MAY INCREASE DEATH ROLL

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.] LONDON, June 12.—Details of the French earthquake, which are slowly arriving, indicate that the casualties are much greater than was previously estimated. It is expected that the death toll may reach several hundred.

Several villages were rendered uninhabitable, and the number of dead in the ruins cannot be accurately estimated. Three towns alone now report sixty dead, and there are fully a score of villages in the same plight or even worse.

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## JUDGE DEFIES CONGRESS

Announces That He Will Adjourn Court When He Pleases.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] UTICA, N. Y., June 12.—Supreme Court Justice DeAngelis, holding a naturalization term here, was plainly nettled to-day when Hugh McGovern, assistant United States attorney, raised a question involving the court's right to adjourn such a term before the business of the court had been concluded.

A question arose over the application of a man from Rome for naturalization papers. His attorney explained that the applicant was an orthodox Jew, and that under the rules of his church he could not appear at a naturalization term held on Saturday. All terms in this country under the assignment of Congress are appointed for Saturdays, and the attorney suggested that the court adjourn this term.

United States Attorney McGovern interposed objection, stating that an adjournment in the case of the applicant was impossible, and that the court was without authority to order it. Justice DeAngelis plainly said: